

CLAIMS

1. A method of transmission power control characterized in that an established transmission power control command sequence is compensated for oscillation in corresponding uncompensated commanded transmission power level.
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2. The method according to claim 1 characterized in that the compensation comprises injection of a compensating sequence to the established transmission power control command sequence thereby forming a compensated transmission power control command sequence.
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3. The method according to claim 2 characterized in that the compensating sequence is generated in a neural network.
4. The method according to claim 3 characterized in that the compensating sequence is generated by means of back-propagation.
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5. The method according to claim 2 characterized in that the compensating sequence is generated by concatenating one or more pre-defined sequences.
- 20 6. The method according to claim 2 characterized in that the compensating sequence is generated by concatenating one or more pseudo-random sequences.
7. The method according to claim 2 characterized in that the compensated transmission power control is achieved by adding modulo-2 of a compensating sequence to the established transmission power control command sequence.
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8. The method according to claim 7 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the sequences' one or more components
are either 0 or 1, or a multiple thereof.

9. The method according to claim 2 c h a r a c t e r -
5 i z e d i n that the compensated transmission power con-
trol is achieved by component-wise multiplication of a com-
pensating sequence to the established transmission power
control command sequence.

10. The method according to claim 9 c h a r a c t e r -
10 i z e d i n that the sequences' one or more components
are either +1 or -1, or a multiple thereof.

11. The method according to claim 1 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the compensation comprises blocking of
one or more frequency components of the established trans-
15 mission power control command sequence thereby forming a
compensated transmission power control command sequence.

12. The method according to claim 11 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the blocking is achieved by means of
filtering.

20 13. The method according to claim 12 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that one or more transmission power control
command components representing one or more frequencies
greater than the oscillation frequency of the oscillations
in the corresponding transmission power level are filtered
25 out, entirely or partially if power of frequency components
above the oscillation frequency are greater than power of
frequency components below, and that one or more transmis-
sion power control command components representing one or
more frequencies essentially equal to the oscillation fre-
30 quency are filtered out essentially entirely.

14. The method according to claim 12 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that one or more transmission power control
command components representing one or more frequencies es-
sentially equal to the oscillation frequency of the oscil-
5 lations in the corresponding transmission power level are
filtered out, essentially entirely, if power of frequency
components below the oscillation frequency are greater than
power of frequency components above.

15. The method according to claim 11 c h a r a c t e r -
10 i z e d i n that the blocking is achieved by means of
canceling frequency transform coefficients of a frequency
transformed signal.

16. The method according to claim 11 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that one or more frequency components below a
15 frequency threshold are blocked.

17. The method according to claim 16 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that one or more frequency components of en-
ergy larger than energy of frequency content above the
threshold are blocked.

20 18. The method according to claim 16 or 17 c h a r a c -
t e r i z e d i n that the frequency threshold is set es-
sentially equal to the oscillation frequency.

19. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that oscillation is detected by
25 means of frequency analysis.

20. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that loop delay is estimated in re-
lation to oscillation cycle time.

21. The method according to claim 20 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that loop delay is estimated to be essen-
tially equal to one fourth of the cycle time.

22. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
5 a c t e r i z e d i n that identified oscillation is com-
pensated until number of identical transmission power con-
trol commands of the established transmission power control
command sequence exceeds a threshold.

23. The method according to claim 22 c h a r a c t e r -
10 i z e d i n that the threshold corresponds to essentially
four times the loop delay.

24. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that oscillations of one or more
radio links, for which transmission power level and cell
15 interference are correlated to a greater extent than indi-
cated by a predefined threshold, are compensated for.

25. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that the oscillations are compen-
sated at the receiver.

20 26. The method according to claim 25 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the receiver is a radio base station, or
is included in or connected to a radio base station.

27. The method according to claim 25 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the receiver is a mobile station, or is
25 included in or connected to a mobile station.

28. The method according to any of claims 1-18 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that the oscillations are compen-
sated at the transmitter.

29. The method according to claim 28 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the transmitter compensates received re-
spective transmission power control commands of different
mobile stations adjusted for its peak transmission power
5 capacity.

30. The method according to claim 28 or 29 c h a r a c -
t e r i z e d i n that the transmitter is a radio base
station, or is included in or connected to a radio base
station.

10 31. The method according to claim 28 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the transmitter is a mobile station, or
is included in or connected to a mobile station.

32. A device of transmission power control c h a r a c -
t e r i z e d b y the device comprising an oscillation
15 detector and oscillation compensating means, compensating
for oscillations as detected in corresponding uncompensated
commanded transmission power level of one or more estab-
lished transmission power control command sequences.

33. The device according to claim 32 c h a r a c t e r -
20 i z e d b y the compensating means comprising a process-
ing element performing component-wise algebraic operations
on a compensating sequence and the established transmission
power control command sequence thereby forming a compen-
sated transmission power control command sequence.

25 34. The device according to claim 33 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y a neural network for generating the compen-
sating sequence.

35. The device according to claim 34 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the neural network comprising a back-propaga-
30 tion arrangement.

36. The device according to claim 33 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y means for concatenating one or more pre-
defined sequences for generating the compensating sequence.

37. The device according to claim 33 c h a r a c t e r -
5 i z e d b y a pseudo-random number generator generating
the compensating sequence in whole or part.

38. The device according to claim 33 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the processing element performing component-
wise algebraic operations being a modulo-2 adder, compo-
10 nent-wise adding a compensating sequence to the established
transmission power control command sequence.

39. The device according to claim 38 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the added sequences' one or more compo-
nents are either 0 or 1, or a multiple thereof.

15 40. The device according to claim 33 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the processing element performing component-
wise algebraic operations being a multiplier, component-
wise multiplying a compensating sequence and the estab-
lished transmission power control command sequence.

20 41. The device according to claim 40 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the sequences' one or more components
are either +1 or -1, or a multiple thereof.

42. The device according to claim 32 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the compensating means comprising a process-
25 ing element blocking one or more frequency components of
the established transmission power control command sequence
thereby forming a compensated transmission power control
command sequence.

43. The device according to claim 42 c h a r a c t e r -
30 i z e d b y the compensating means comprising a process-

ing element blocking one or more frequency components being a filter.

44. The device according to claim 43 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that one or more transmission power control
5 command components representing one or more frequencies
greater than the oscillation frequency of the oscillations
in the corresponding transmission power level are filtered
out, entirely or partially if power of frequency components
above the oscillation frequency are greater than power of
10 frequency components below, and that one or more transmis-
sion power control command components representing one or
more frequencies essentially equal to the oscillation fre-
quency are filtered out essentially entirely.

45. The device according to claim 43 c h a r a c t e r -
15 i z e d i n that one or more transmission power control
command components representing one or more frequencies es-
sentially equal to the oscillation frequency of the oscil-
lations in the corresponding transmission power level are
filtered out, essentially entirely, if power of frequency
20 components below the oscillation frequency are greater than
power of frequency components above.

46. The device according to claim 42 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the processing element comprising a frequency
transformation entity and blocking being achieved by means
25 of canceling frequency transform coefficients of a fre-
quency transformed signal.

47. The device according to claim 42 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the processing element blocking as present
one or more frequency components below a frequency thresh-
30 old.

48. The device according to claim 47 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the processing element blocking as present
one or more frequency components of energy larger than en-
ergy of frequency content above the threshold.

5 49. The device according to claim 47 or 48 c h a r a c -
t e r i z e d i n that the frequency threshold is set
equal to the oscillation frequency.

50. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that oscillation is detected by
10 means of frequency analysis.

51. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that loop delay is estimated in re-
lation to oscillation cycle time.

52. The device according to claim 51 c h a r a c t e r -
15 i z e d i n that loop delay is estimated to be essen-
tially equal to one fourth of the cycle time.

53. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that it compensates for an identi-
fied oscillation until number of identical transmission
20 power control commands of the established transmission
power control command sequence exceeds a threshold.

54. The device according to claim 53 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the threshold corresponds to essentially
four times the loop delay.

25 55. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that oscillations of one or more
radio links, for which transmission power level and cell
interference are correlated to a greater extent than indi-
cated by a predefined threshold, are compensated for.

56. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that it is a device of a receiver,
being destined for the power controlled transmissions.

57. The device according to claim 56 c h a r a c t e r -
5 i z e d i n that the receiver is a radio base station, or
is included in or connected to a radio base station.

58. The method according to claim 56 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the receiver is a mobile station, or is
included in or connected to a mobile station.

10 59. The device according to any of claims 32-48 c h a r -
a c t e r i z e d i n that it is a device of a transmit-
ter, sending the power controlled transmissions.

60. The device according to claim 59 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d b y the transmitter oscillation compensating
15 means compensating for oscillations in received respective
transmission power control commands of different mobile
stations adjusted for its peak transmission power capacity.

61. The device according to claim 59 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the transmitter is a radio base station,
20 or is included in or connected to a radio base station.

62. The device according to claim 59 c h a r a c t e r -
i z e d i n that the transmitter is a mobile station, or
is included in or connected to a mobile station.

63. Radio communication system c h a r a c t e r i z e d
25 b y means for carrying out the method in any of claims
1-27.

64. Radio communication system c h a r a c t e r i z e d
b y a plurality of devices in any of claims 32-62.